

Novel Hydrogen Storage Solutions for Space and Aerospace

The Space Propulsion & Advanced Concepts group has changed its owner:



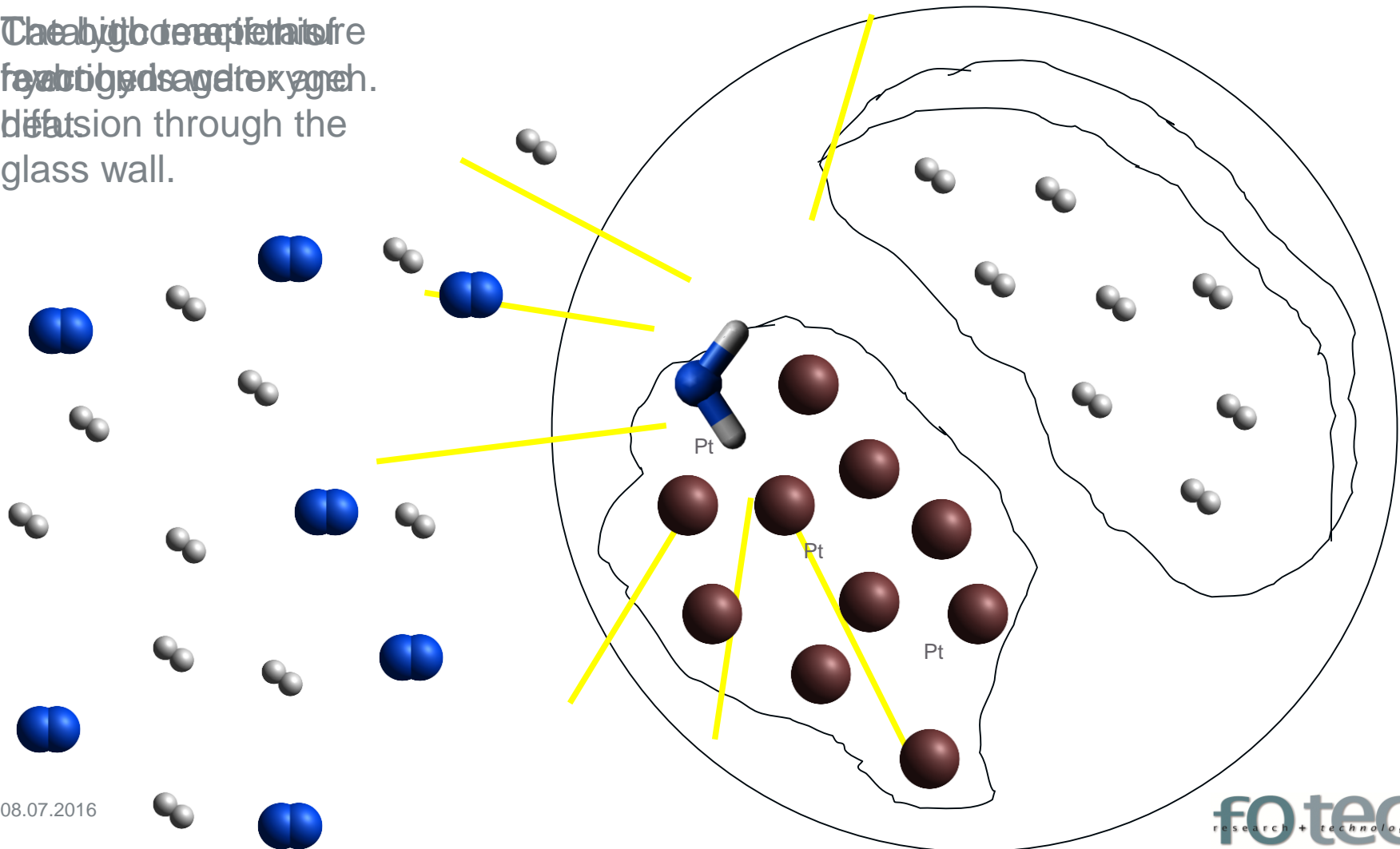
- All R&D projects are transferred to FOTEC GmbH which is 100% owned by the University of Applied Science, Wiener Neustadt (~45km south of Vienna)
- We have now the direct access to the university and the core competences of fotec (rapid prototyping, innovative software systems, measurement technology).
- The building of the “Aerospace Engineering” program at the University of applied sciences offers also a cross linking between students, fotec and Austria's space and aerospace industries.

Hydrogen/Helium Storage using Hollow Glass-Microspheres

- **Project:** Development of a hydrogen/helium storage system based on high pressure gas storage inside hollow glass microspheres.
- **Problem:** Efficient gas release system is required.
- **Solution:**
 - » Chemical gas release process = higher efficiency, higher complexity (catalyzer coating, chemical reaction)
 - » Electrical gas release process = less efficiency, higher accuracy and less complexity

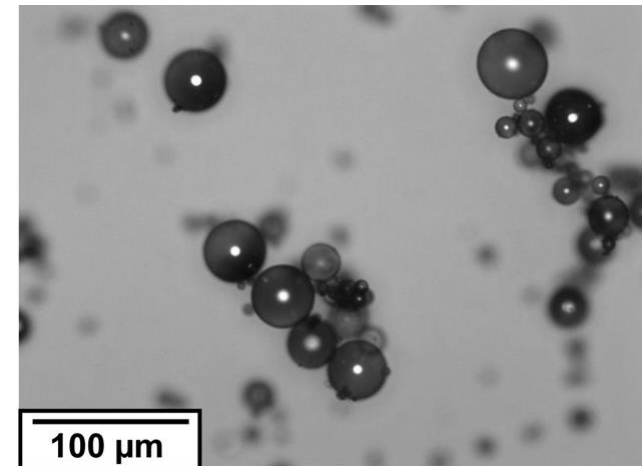
Microsphere - Chemical Gas Release Process

The high temperature
 reaction between hydrogen
 and oxygen is exothermic.
 Diffusion through the
 glass wall.



Microsphere - Chemical Gas Release Process

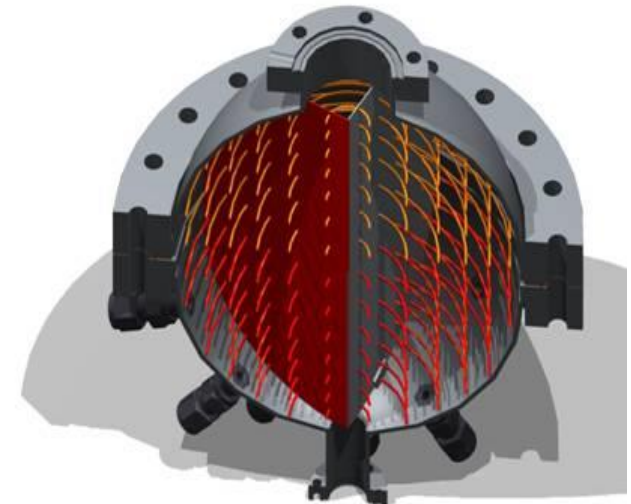
- **Project:** Uniformly coating of microspheres by a magnetron sputtering process in cooperation with the Vienna University of Technology.
- **Project Description:**
 - Microspheres were successfully sputtered with copper and platinum.
 - The geometry of the vessel containing microspheres was carefully adjusted and optimized to avoid agglomeration and to achieve good intermixing behavior.
 - Next steps are the production of multilayered catalytic films and testing of them.



Pt – sputtered microspheres – G. Schmid et al. / *Surface & Coatings Technology* 205 (2010) 1929 - 1936

Microsphere - Electrical Gas Release Process

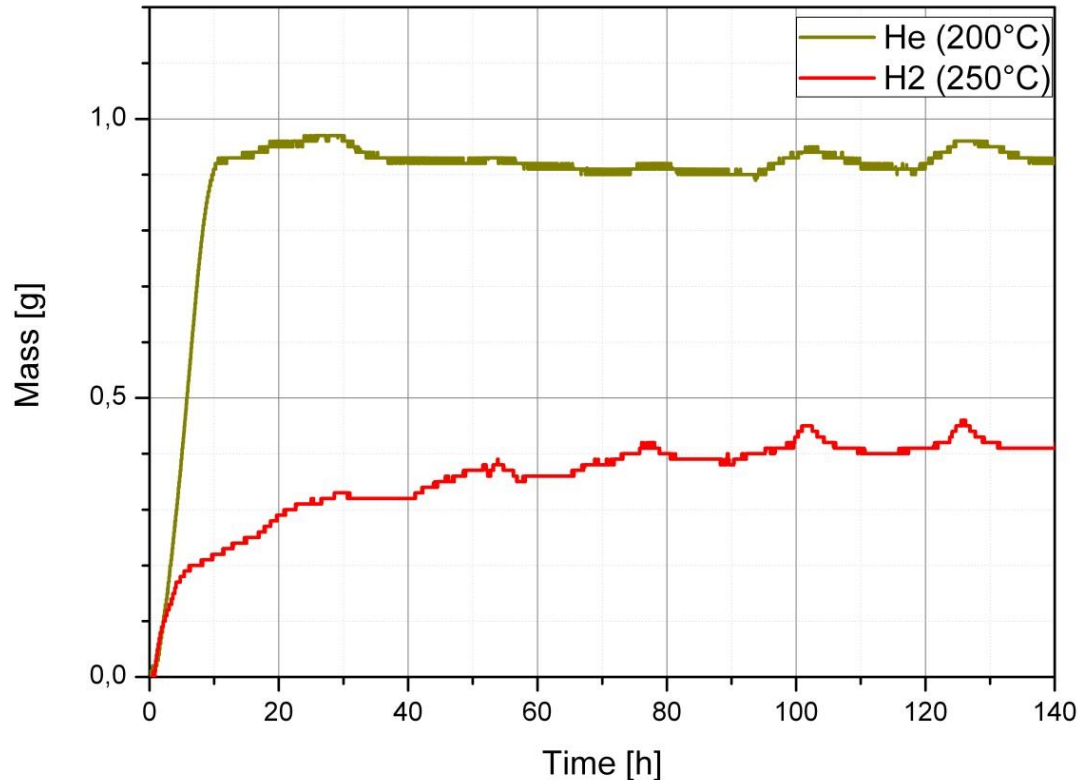
- **Project:** Development of an electrical controlled gas release system for hydrogen and helium. Replacement of high pressure helium tanks on satellites.
- **Project Description:**
 - The new gas generator reaction chamber design based on the experience of four years.
 - It has less external impact due to better isolation and smaller design.
 - Heating wire inside.
 - More precise measurement with 13 thermocouples.
 - Thermodynamic analysis with ANSYS™.



Gas Generator Reaction chamber. (150 mm Ø)

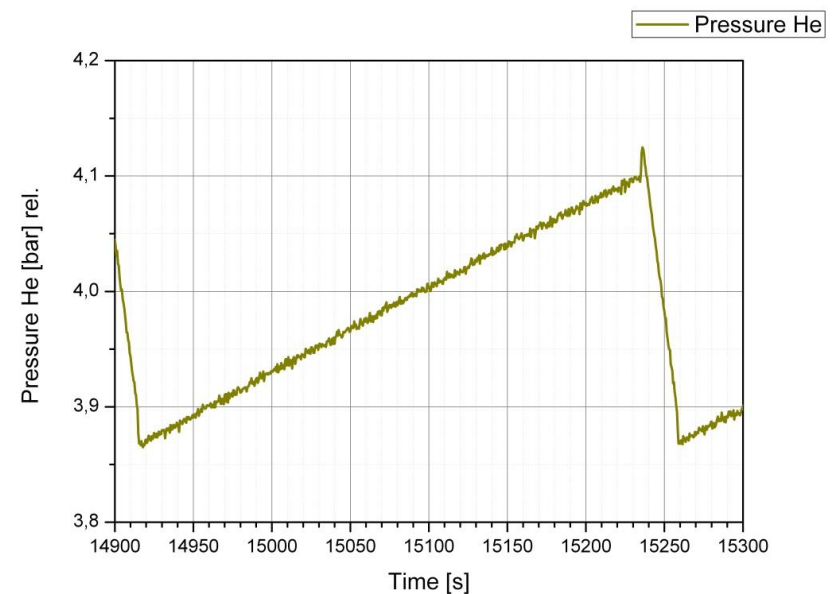
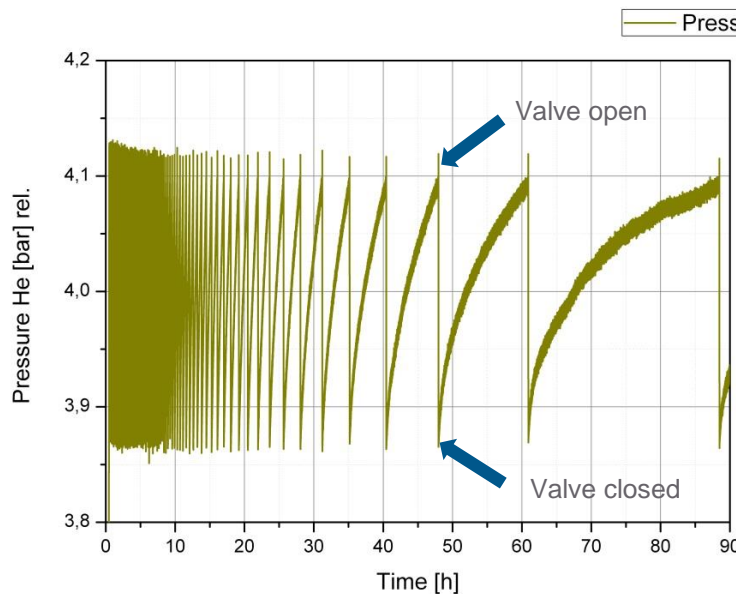
Microsphere - Electrical Gas Release Process

- Gas release tests for H₂ and He filled microspheres (50 bar) at different temperatures.



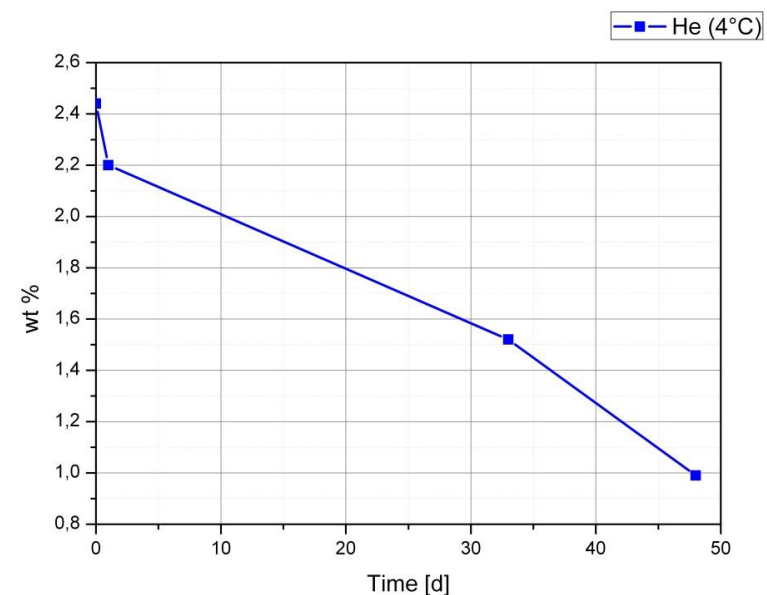
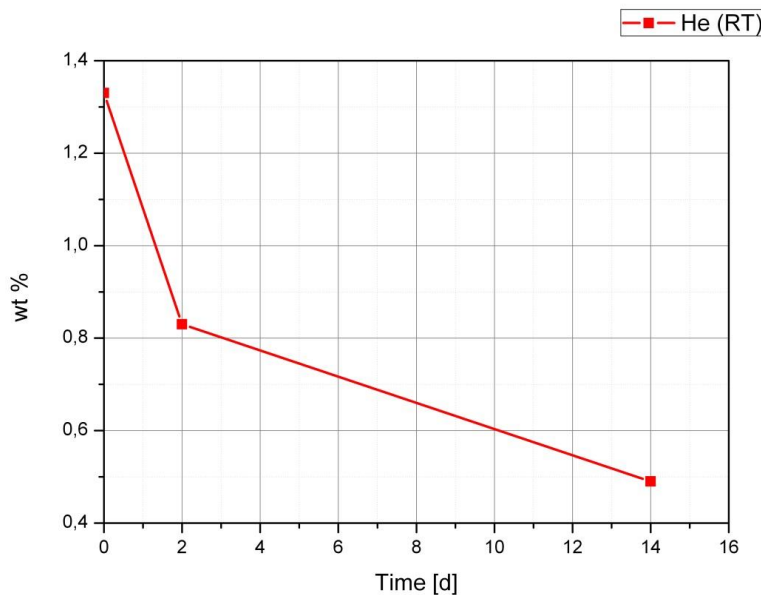
Helium Gas Release Test With Fotec's Gas Generator

- 0.05 g helium were released during one cycle. The measured storage capacity was 2.3 wt.-% at 67 bar filling pressure. The maximum storage capacity is ~20 wt.-% (at 700 bar filling pressure).



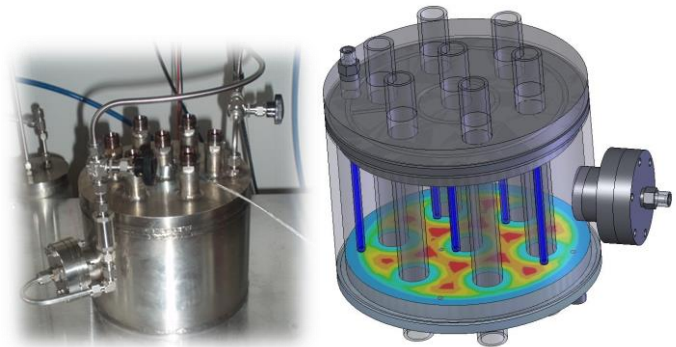
Helium Long-Term Storage Test

- Two batches of helium filled microspheres were tested at room temperature and at 4°C. The first batch was filled at 43 bar and lost half of the helium after 7 days and the second batch was filled at 118 bar and lost half of the helium after 42 days.



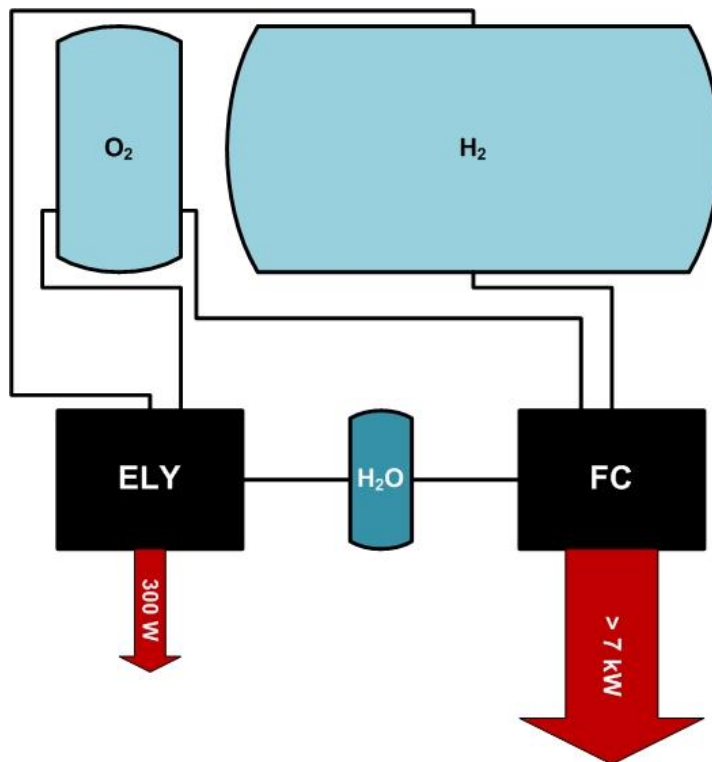
Metal Hydrides as Hydrogen and Heat Storage System

- **Project:** Development of a reversible hydrogen and heat storage system based on metal hydrides (Sodium Alanate) and direct integration of them into the reversible fuel cell system
- **Project Description:**
 - Testing of a metal hydride (NaAlH_4) based reversible hydrogen storage system – finished – Our prototype stored 3.6 wt.-%
 - Preliminary calculations of the complete system efficiency – finished
 - Numerical simulation of the integration of a fuel cell directly into the metal hydride reservoir – in progress (optimum tank structure, thermal characteristics of MH's, optimum thermal coupling)
 - Design, manufacture and testing of a technology demonstrator – next year

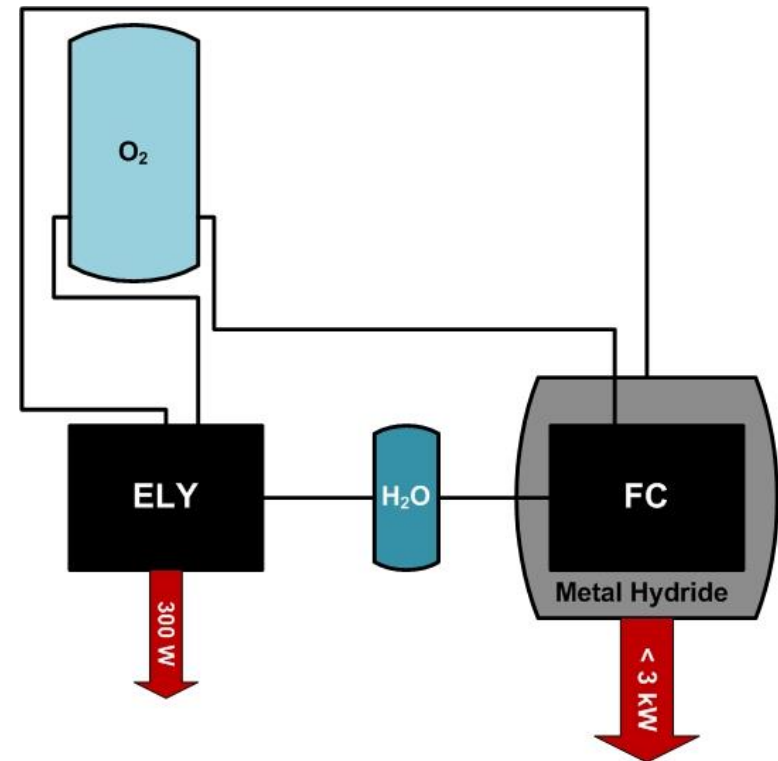


New System Design Concept for Satellites

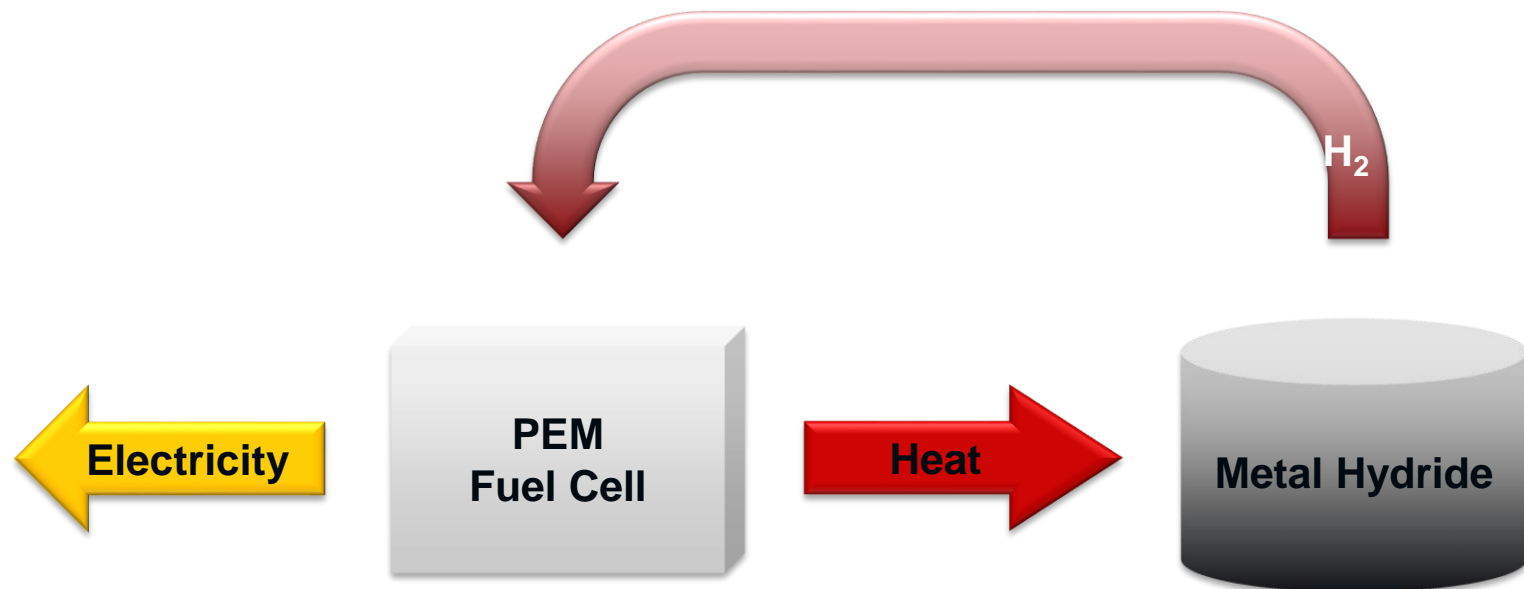
Classical RFCS



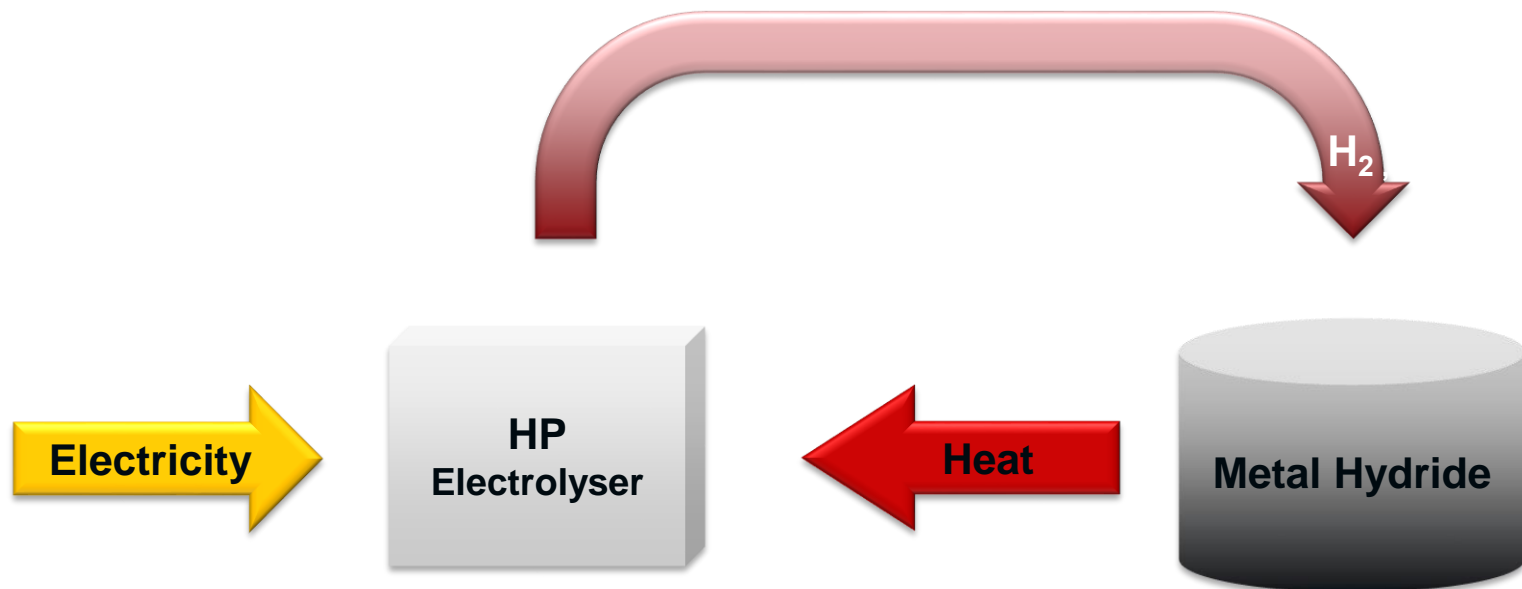
new MH-RFCS



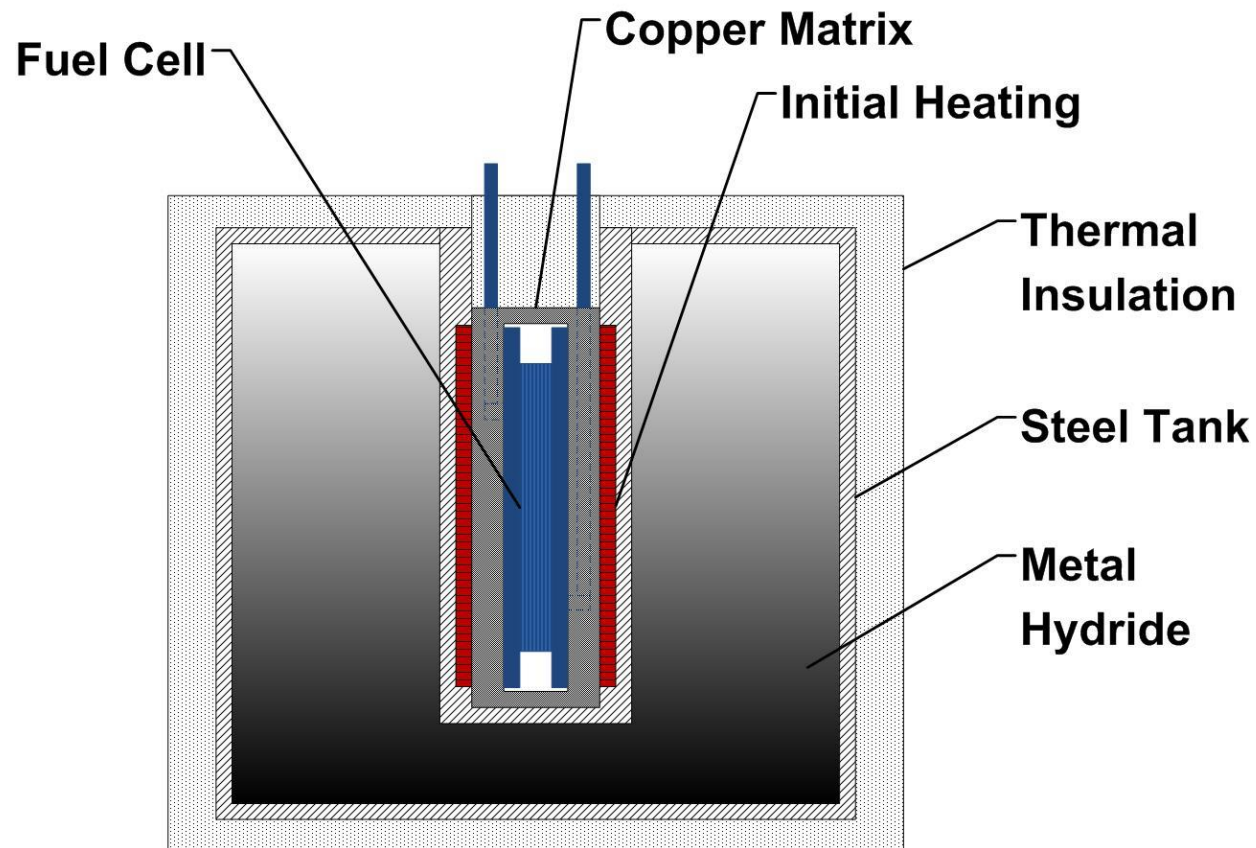
New System Design Concept Heat Loss Recovery at Discharging



New System Design Concept Heat Loss Recovery at Charging



Preliminary Design Concept



System Improvement Compared to RFCS with Pressurized H₂ Gas Tank and Li-Ion Battery

	G5 Li-Ion Batteries	RFCS with High Pressure Gas Storage	RFCS with Metal Hydride Gas Storage
Mass Budget for 11,3kW System	178kg	115kg	~70kg
for 21,5kW System	320kg	185kg	
Volume Requirement for 11,3kW System	180L	100L	~80L
for 21,5kW System	280L	200L	



Possible application for systems with challenging thermal management e.g. Satellites or Submarines

Thank you for your attention! Questions?

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